## CENTER for JUDICIAL ACCOUNTABILITY, INC.

P. O. Box 69, Gedney Station White Plains, New York 10605-0069 Tel: (914) 421-1200 Fax: (914) 428-4994

E-mail: judgewatch@aol.com Website: www.judgewatch.org

## **FAX COVER SHEET**

| received all page                                                                                                                         |                                                                         | ts of a total o<br>all (914) 42                                              |                                                                                 | s) includin                                                           | g this cov                                                     | er page. I                                                                  | f you have                                             | not                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| DATE:8/                                                                                                                                   | 25/97                                                                   | TIN                                                                          | ME: 230                                                                         | <u>n</u> 1                                                            | FAX #:                                                         | 212-                                                                        | 696-                                                   | 45                   |
| то:                                                                                                                                       |                                                                         |                                                                              |                                                                                 | · · · · · ·                                                           |                                                                |                                                                             |                                                        |                      |
|                                                                                                                                           |                                                                         |                                                                              |                                                                                 |                                                                       |                                                                |                                                                             |                                                        |                      |
| RE:                                                                                                                                       | SA                                                                      | 5                                                                            | Blic                                                                            | Ler                                                                   |                                                                | ad                                                                          |                                                        | 27.4                 |
|                                                                                                                                           |                                                                         |                                                                              | WER, Coordir                                                                    |                                                                       |                                                                |                                                                             |                                                        | <del>-</del>         |
| NOTE: The infe<br>the use of the in-<br>an employee res-<br>notified that any<br>strictly prohibit<br>telephone at the<br>above address b | tended reci<br>sponsible f<br>disseminati<br>ted. If you<br>e above ind | pient, name<br>or deliverin<br>ion or copyii<br>have receiv<br>licated telep | ed above. If you g this documer ng of this docum ved this facsim whone number a | i are not t<br>it to the ii<br>nent or th<br>le in erroi<br>nd return | he intend<br>ntended r<br>e informa<br>r, please<br>the origit | ed recipient<br>ecipient, ye<br>tion contain<br>notify us in<br>nal facsimi | nt, an agen<br>ou are her<br>ined hereir<br>nmediately | t or<br>eby<br>i, is |
|                                                                                                                                           | _                                                                       |                                                                              |                                                                                 | l costs inc                                                           | urred. Ti                                                      | hank you!                                                                   |                                                        |                      |
|                                                                                                                                           | _                                                                       |                                                                              |                                                                                 | l costs inc                                                           | urred. Ti                                                      | hank you!                                                                   |                                                        | · ·                  |
|                                                                                                                                           | _                                                                       |                                                                              |                                                                                 | l costs inc                                                           | urred. Ti                                                      | hank you!                                                                   |                                                        |                      |
|                                                                                                                                           | _                                                                       |                                                                              |                                                                                 | l costs inc                                                           | urred. Ti                                                      | hank you!                                                                   |                                                        |                      |
|                                                                                                                                           | _                                                                       |                                                                              |                                                                                 | l costs inc                                                           | urred. Ti                                                      | hank you!                                                                   |                                                        |                      |
|                                                                                                                                           | _                                                                       |                                                                              |                                                                                 | l costs inc                                                           | urred. Ti                                                      | hank you!                                                                   |                                                        |                      |
|                                                                                                                                           | _                                                                       |                                                                              |                                                                                 | l costs inc                                                           | urred. Ti                                                      | hank you!                                                                   |                                                        |                      |
| MESSAGE:                                                                                                                                  | _                                                                       |                                                                              |                                                                                 | l costs inc                                                           | urred. Ti                                                      | hank you!                                                                   |                                                        |                      |
|                                                                                                                                           | _                                                                       |                                                                              |                                                                                 | l costs inc                                                           | urred. Ti                                                      | hank you!                                                                   |                                                        |                      |
|                                                                                                                                           | _                                                                       |                                                                              |                                                                                 | l costs inc                                                           | urred. Ti                                                      | hank you!                                                                   |                                                        |                      |

CENTER for JUDICIAL ACCOUNTABILITY, INC. is a national, non-partisan, non-profit citizens' organization documenting how judges break the law and get away with it.

In his May 16th Letter to the Editor, Deputy State Attorney General Donald P. Berens, Jr. emphatically asserts, "the Attorney General does not accept and will not tolerate unprofessional or irresponsible conduct by members of the

Department of Law.

A claim such as this plainly contributes to the view -- expressed in Matthew Lifflander's otherwise incisive Perspective Column "Liars Go Free in the Courtroom" 2/24/97) -- that the State Attorney General should be in the forefront in spearheading reform so that the perjury which "pervades the judicial system" is investigated and deterrent mechanisms established. In Mr. Lifflander's judgment, "the issue is timely and big enough to justify creation of either a state Moreland Act Commission investigation by the Governor and the Attorney General, or a well-financed legislative investigation at the state or federal level", with "necessary subpoena power". Moreover, as recognized by Mr. Lifflander and in the two published letter responses (3/13/97, 4/2/97), judges all too often fail to discipline and sanction the perjurers who pollute the judicial process.

In truth, the Attorney General, our state's highest law enforcement officer, lacks the conviction to lead the way in restoring standards fundamental to the integrity of our judicial process. His legal staff are among the most brazen of liars who "go free in the courtroom". Both in state and federal court, his Law Department relies on litigation misconduct to defend state agencies and officials sued for official misconduct, including corruption, where it has no legitimate defense. It files motions to dismiss on the pleadings which falsify, distort, or omit the pivotal pleaded allegations or which improperly argue against those allegations, without any probative evidence whatever. These motions also misrepresent the law or are unsupported by law. Yet, when this defense misconduct -- readily verifiable from litigation files -- is brought to the Attorney General's attention, he fails to take any corrective steps. This, notwithstanding the misconduct occurs in cases of great public import. For its part, the courts -- state and federal -give the Attorney General a "green light".

Ironically, on May 14th, just two days before the

Law Journal published Deputy Attorney General Berens' letter, our non-partisan, non-profit citizens' organization, the Center for Judicial Accountability, Inc. (CJA), testified before the Association of the Bar of the City of New York. then holding a hearing about misconduct by state judges and, in particular, about the New York State Commission on Judicial Conduct. The Law Journal limited its coverage of this important hearing to a three-sentence blurb on its front-page news "Update" (5/15/97).

Our testimony described Attorney General Vacco's defense misconduct in an Article 78 proceeding in which we sued the Commission on Judicial Conduct for corruption (N.Y. Co. #95-109141). Law Journal readers are already familiar with that public interest case, spearheaded by CJA. On August 14, 1995, the Law Journal printed our Letter to the Editor about it, "Commission Abandons Investigative Mandate" and, on November 20, 1996, printed our \$1,650 ad, "A Call for Concerted Action".

The case challenged, as written and as applied, the constitutionality of the Commission's self-promulgated rule, 22 NYCRR §7000.3, by which it has converted its mandatory duty under Judiciary Law §44.1 to investigate facially-meritorious judicial misconduct complaints into a discretionary option, unbounded by any standard. petition alleged that since 1989 we had filed eight faciallymeritorious complaints "of a profoundly serious nature rising to the level of criminality, involving corruption and misuse of judicial office for ulterior purposes -- mandating the ultimate sanction of removal". Nonetheless, as alleged, each complaint was dismissed by the Commission without investigation and without the determination required by Judiciary Law §44.1(b) that a complaint so-dismissed be "on its face lacking in merit". Annexed were copies of the complaints, as well as the dismissal letters. As part of the petition, the Commission was requested to produce the record, including the evidentiary proof submitted with the complaints. The petition alleged that such documentation established "prima facie, [the] judicial misconduct of the judges complained of or probable cause to believe that the judicial misconduct complained of had been committed"

Mr. Vacco's Law Department moved to dismiss the pleading. Arguing against the petition's specific factual allegations, its dismissal motion contended -- unsupported by legal authority -- that the facially irreconcileable agency rule is "harmonious" with the statute. It further falsely claimed -- unsupported by law or any factual specificity -- that the eight facially-meritorious judicial misconduct complaints did not have to be investigated because they "did not on their face allege judicial misconduct". No claim was made by the Law Department that any such determination had been made by the Commission. Nor did the Law Department produce the record -- including the evidentiary proof that had supported the complaints, as requested by the petition and further reinforced by separate Notice.

Although CJA's sanctions application against the Attorney General was fully documented and uncontroverted. the state judge did not adjudicate it. Likewise, he did not adjudicate the Attorney General's duty to have intervened on behalf of the public, as requested by our formal Notice. Nor did he adjudicate our formal motion to hold the Commission in default. These threshold issues were simply obliterated from the judge's decision, which concocted grounds to dismiss the case. Thus, to justify the rule, as written, the judge advanced his own interpretation, falsely attributing it to the Commission. Such interpretation, belied by the Commission's own definition section to its rules, does nothing to reconcile the rule with the statute. As to the constitutionality of the rule, as applied, the judge baldly claimed what the Law Department never had: that the issue was "not before the court". In fact, it was squarely before the court -- but adjudicating it would have exposed that the Commission was, as the petition alleged, engaged in a "pattern and practice of protecting politically-connected judges...shield[ing them] from the disciplinary and criminal consequences of their serious judicial misconduct and corruption'

The Attorney General is "the People's Lawyer". paid for by the taxpayers. Nearly two years ago, in September 1995, CJA demanded that Attorney General Vacco take corrective steps to protect the public from the combined "double-whammy" of fraud by the Law Department and by the court in our Article 78 proceeding against the Commission, as well as in a prior Article 78 proceeding which we had brought against some of the same high-ranking judges, following the Commission's wrongful dismissal of our complaints against them. It was not the dismissal of our complaints against them. It was not the first time we had apprised Attorney General Vacco of that earlier proceeding, involving perjury and fraud by his two predecessor Attorneys General. We had given him written notice of it a year earlier, in September 1994, while he was still a candidate for that high office. Indeed, we transmitted to him a full copy of the litigation file so that he could make

it a campaign issue -- which he failed to do.

Law Journal readers are also familiar with the serious allegations presented by that Article 78 proceeding, raised as an essential campaign issue in CJA's ad "Where Do You Go When Judges Break the Law?". Published on the Op-Ed page of the October 26, 1994 New York Times, the ad cost CJA \$16,770 and was reprinted on November 1, 1994 in the Law Journal, at a further cost of \$2,280. The ad called upon the candidates for Attorney General and Governor "to address the issue of judicial corruption". It recited that state judges had thrown an Election Law case challenging the political manipulation of elective state judgeships and that other state judges had viciously retaliated against its "judicial whistle-blowing", pro bono counsel, Doris L. Sassower, by suspending her law license immediately, indefinitely, and unconditionally, without charges, without findings, without reasons, and without a

pre-suspension hearing, -- thereafter denying her any post-suspension hearing and any appellate review.

Describing Article 78 as the remedy provided citizens by our state law "to ensure independent review of governmental misconduct", the ad recounted that the judges who unlawfully suspended Doris Sassower's law license had refused to recuse themselves from the Article 78 proceeding she brought against them. In this perversion of the most fundamental rules of judicial disqualification, they were aided and abetted by their counsel, then Attorney General Robert Abrams. His Law Department argued, without legal authority, that these judges of the Appellate Division, Second Department were not disqualified from adjudicating their own case. The judges then granted their counsel's dismissal motion, whose legal insufficiency and factual perjuriousness was documented and uncontroverted in the record before them. Thereafter, despite repeated and explicit written notice to successor Attorney General Oliver Koppell that his judicial clients' dismissal decision "was and is an outright lie", his Law Department opposed review by the New York Court of Appeals, engaging in further misconduct before that court, constituting a deliberate fraud on that tribunal. By the time a writ of certiorari was sought from the U.S. Supreme Court, Mr. Vacco's Law Department was following in the footsteps of his predecessors. (A.D. 2nd Dept. #93-02925; NY Ct. of Appeals: Mo. No. 529, SSD 41; 933; U.S. Sup. Ct. #94-1546).

Based on the "hard evidence" presented by the files of these two Article 78 proceedings, CJA urged Attorney General Vacco to take immediate investigative action and remedial steps since what was at stake was not only the corruption of two vital state agencies, the Commission on Judicial Conduct and the Attorney General's office, but of

the judicial process itself.

What has been the Attorney General's response? He has ignored our voluminous correspondence. Likewise, the Governor, Legislative leaders, and other leaders in and out of government, to whom we long ago gave copies of one or both Article 78 files. No one in a leadership position has

been willing to comment on either of them.

Indeed, in advance of the City Bar's May 14th hearing, CJA challenged Attorney General Vacco and these leaders to deny or dispute the file evidence showing that the Commission is a beneficiary of fraud, without which it could not have survived our litigation against it. None appeared -except for the Attorney General's client, the Commission on Judicial Conduct. Both its Chairman, Henry Berger, and its Administrator, Gerald Stern, conspicuously avoided making any statement about the case -- although each had received a personalized written challenge from CJA and were present during our testimony. For its part, the City Bar Committee did not ask Mr. Stern any questions about the case, although Mr. Stern stated that the sole purpose for his appearance was to answer the Committee's questions. Instead, the Committee's Chairman, to whom a copy of the Article 78 file had been transmitted more than three months earlier -but, who, for reasons he refused to identify, did not disseminate it to the Committee members -- abruptly closed the hearing when we rose to protest the Committee's failure to make such inquiry, the importance of which our testimony had emphasized.

Meantime, in a §1983 federal civil rights action, we are suing the Attorney General as a party defendant for subverting the state Article 78 remedy and for "his complicity in the wrongful and criminal conduct of his clients, whom he defended with knowledge that their defense rested on perjurious factual allegations made by members of his legal staff and wilful misrepresentation of the law applicable thereto". Here too, Mr. Vacco's Law Department has shown that there is no depth of litigation misconduct below which it will not sink. It made a motion to dismiss the complaint, which falsified, omitted and distorted its critical allegations and misrepresented the law. And it filed an Answer which was false and in bad faith in its responses to 150 separarate paragraphs of the Complaint. The federal district judge simply obliterated from his decision the issue f the Attorney General's misconduct, fully documented and uncontroverted in the record before him. Instead, he, sua sponte and without notice, converted the Law Department's dismissal motion into one for summary judgment -- where there is absolutely no evidence in the record for anything but a grant of summary judgment to the plaintiff, Doris Sassower -- which she expressly sought

record for anything but a grant of summary judgment to the plaintiff, Doris Sassower -- which she expressly sought.

Once more, although we gave particularized written notice to Attorney General Vacco of his Law Department's misconduct, this time covered up by a federal district judge, he took no corrective steps. To the contrary, he tolerated his Law Department's further misconduct on the appellate level. Thus far, the Second Circuit has maintained a "green light". Its one-word order "DENIED", without reasons, our fully-documented and uncontroverted sanctions motion seeking disciplinary and criminal referral of the Attorney General and his Law Department. Our perfected appeal (Sassower v. Mangano, et al., 2nd Cir. #96-7805), seeking similar sanctions against the Attorney General, as well as the district judge, is to be argued THIS FRIDAY, AUGUST 29TH. It is a case that impacts on every member of the New York bar -- since the issue presented is the unconstitutionality of New York's attorney disciplinary law, as written and as applied. You're all invited to hear Attorney General Vacco personally defend the appeal -- if he dares!

We agree with Mr. Lifflander that "what is called for now is action". Yet, the impetus to root out the perjury, fraud, and misconduct that imperils our judicial process is not going to come from our elected leaders -- least of all from the Attorney General, the Governor, or Legislative leaders. Nor will it come from the leadership of the organized bar or from establishment groups. Rather, it will come from concerted citizen action and the power of the press. For this, we do not require subpoena power. We require only the courage to come forward and publicize the readily-accessible case file evidence -- at our own expense, if necessary. The three above-cited cases -- and this paid ad -- are powerful steps in the right direction.

## CENTER for JUDICIAL A CCOUNTABILITY, Inc.

Box 69, Gedney Station, White Plains, NY 10605

Tel: 914-421-1200 Fax: 914-428-4994

E-Mail: judgewatch@aol.com

On the Web: www.judgewatch.org

Governmental integrity cannot be preserved if legal remedies, designed to protect the public from corruption and abuse, are subverted. And when they are subverted by those on the public payroll, including by our State Attorney General and judges, the public needs to know about it and take action. That's why we've run this ad. Your tax-deductible donations will help defray its cost and advance CJA's vital public interest work.